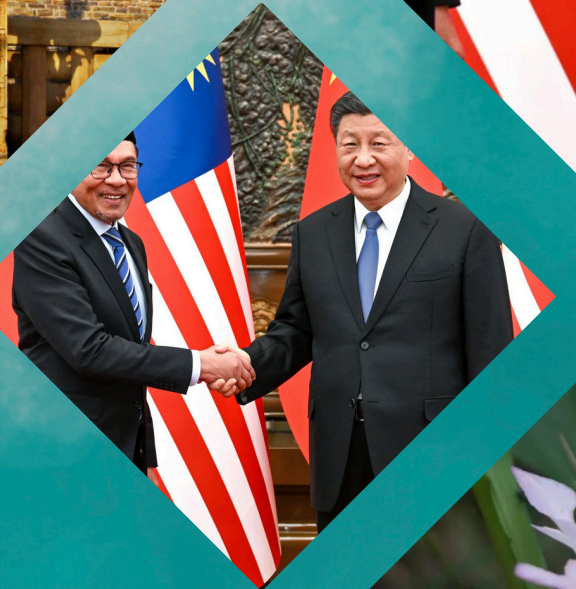
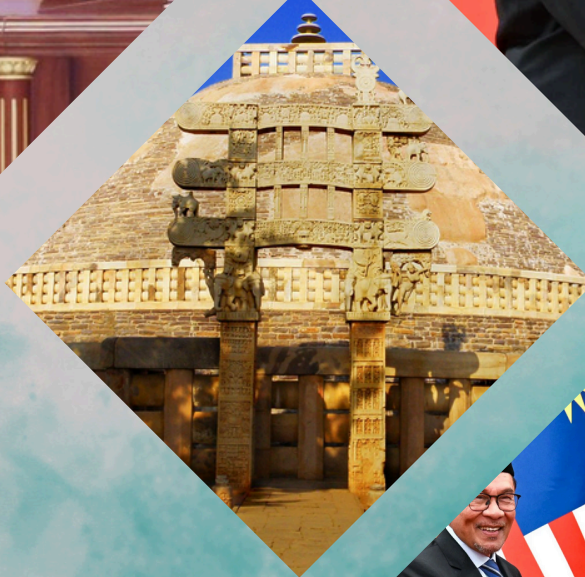




Save Doctors,
e Nation

No Attacks,
Implement the
Central Pro



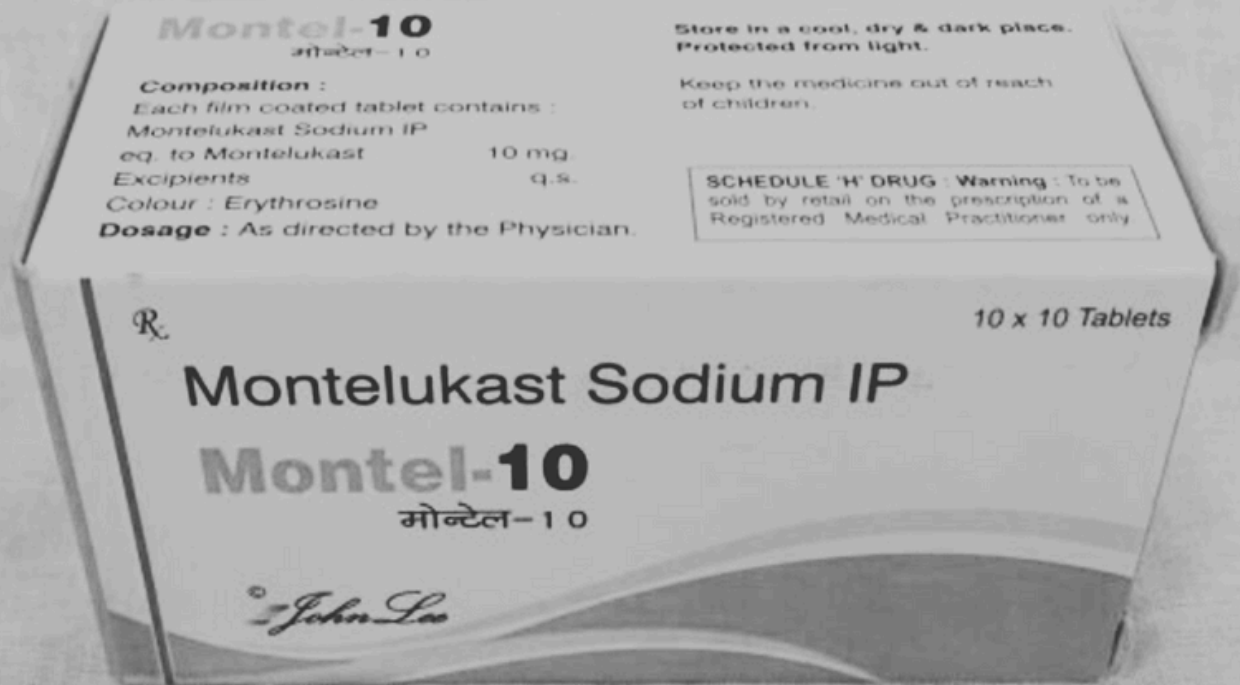
WEEKLY C.A. SHORTS

14.09.2024 - 20.09.2024

Curcuma Ungmensis



- It is a type of turmeric and it is related to the ginger family which is an environmentally friendly plant.
- Curcuma is distributed between south and southeast Asia and south China, a few species are found in Australia and south Asia Pacific, In India northeast and southern state and the Andaman Nicobar Island.
- Rhizomes are subterranean shoots growing horizontally, it is branched and deeply buried in the soil, these shoots have scale shoots towards their bottom, its major functions are food storage and vegetative reproduction.



MONTELUKAST

- *While caution is exercised everywhere the sale of montelukast drugs in India is unregulated and seems to be increasing exponentially.*
- *An orally dosed drug to prevent wheezing, difficulty breathing, chest tightness, and coughing caused by asthma, and also used to prevent breathing difficulties during exercise.*
- *It is a common drug which is sold without prescription to common people.*

TASKFORCE TO ENSURE DOCTORS SAFETY



•Background of the initiative: -

- 1. Supreme court action: - Supreme court of India led by chief justice D.Y. Chandrachud had constituted National task force in response to the rape and murder of junior doctor at R. G. kar medical college and hospital in Kolkata.
- 2. Reason for action: - The court described this incident as a systematic failure in ensuring the safety of medical professionals and indicated that this horrific crime highlighted the urgent need for enhanced security measures.

Objectives of the national task force: -

- The objective of a national task force generally involves addressing specific issues or challenges that require coordinated efforts across different sectors or levels of government. The goals typically include:

1. Problem Identification and Assessment: Analyzing the scope and impact of the issue at hand.
2. Strategy Development: Formulating actionable plans and policies to address the problem effectively.
3. Coordination and Collaboration: Facilitating cooperation among various stakeholders, including government agencies, organizations, and community groups.

MALAYSIA INTO BRICS



Context-After many years of impasse India, Malaysia raise strategic partnership, discuss entry to BRICS.

- About BRICS: - BRICS is an acronym for an association of five major emerging economies: Brazil, Russia, India, China, and South Africa. It was originally known as BRIC before the inclusion of South Africa in 2010. The group aims to enhance cooperation and coordination among its member countries across various domains, including economic, political, and cultural areas.

Objectives and Goals:

- 1. Economic Cooperation: To promote trade and investment among member countries and advocate for a more balanced global economic system.
- 2. Political Coordination: To work together on global issues and reform international institutions, such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank.

GROSS ENVIRONMENT PRODUCT INDEX:-



-The Gross Environment Product (GEP) Index is an indicator designed to measure the economic value of environmental protection and conservation activities. It aims to account for the benefits that arise from maintaining and improving environmental quality, complementing traditional economic metrics like Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

-KEY FEATURES OF THE GEP INDEX:

1.Environmental Value: It quantifies the contribution of environmental conservation to economic welfare, capturing the value of ecosystem services and environmental improvements.

2. Complement to GDP: Unlike GDP, which measures economic activity and output, the GEP Index focuses on the benefits derived from environmental quality and sustainability efforts.

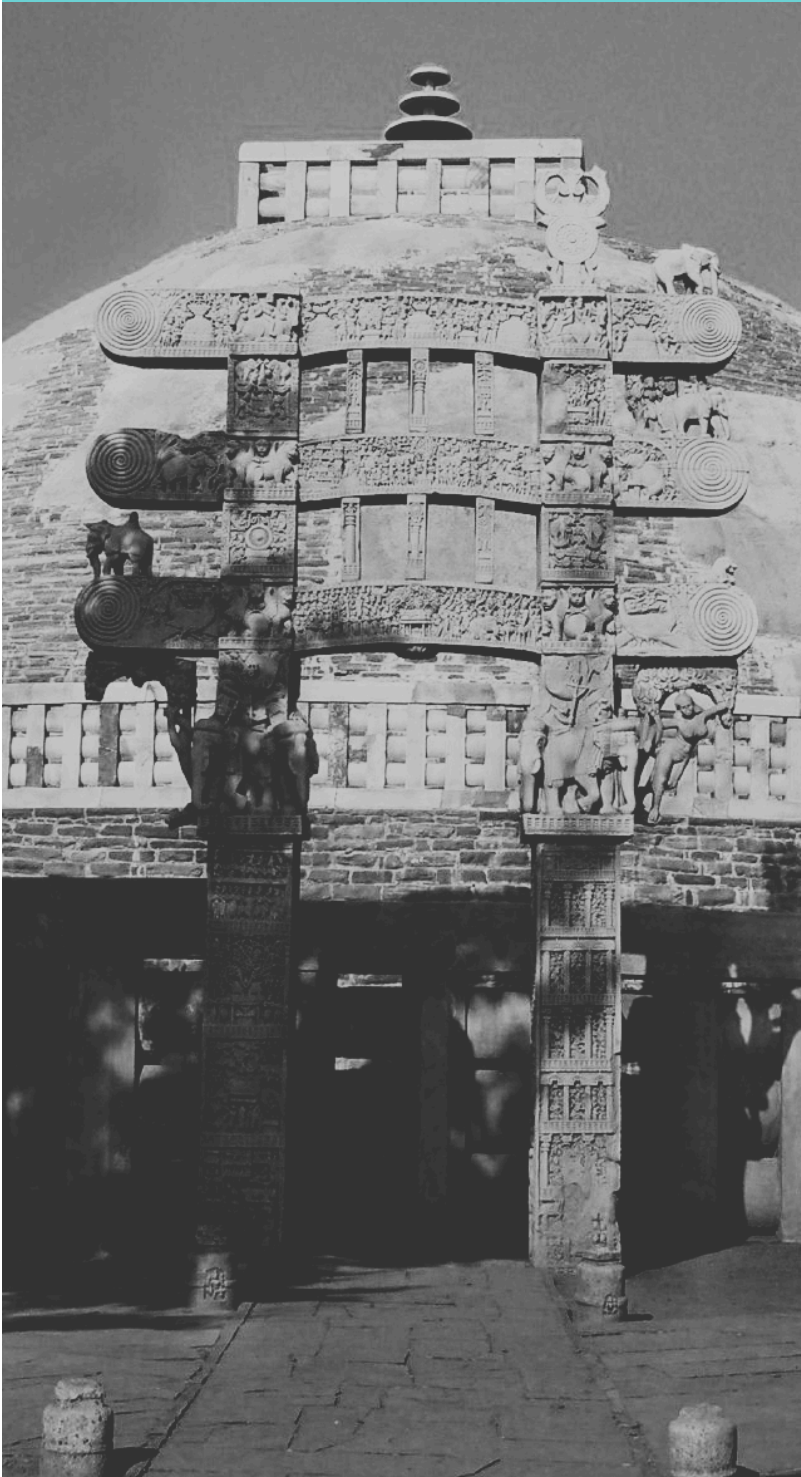
3. Holistic Assessment: It includes various factors such as pollution reduction, resource conservation, and ecosystem health, providing a more comprehensive view of the economic impact of environmental policies.

SALT PANS

- The center approved transferring 256 acres of mumbai salt pan land to Dharavi development project private limited for building rental Houses for slum dwellers.
- They are parcels of low lying lands where sea water flows in at certain times, and leaves behind salt and other minerals
- These naturally occurring expenses land which are covered with salt and minerals are formed.



THE GREAT STUPA OF RANCHI



- The Stupa is shaped like a dome and has a parasol on top which is called a chhatra. A key symbol of Buddhist art and architecture.
- It has four beautiful carved gateways called toranas. It was built in the 1st century BCE during Satavahana dynasty.
- The gateway is decorated with carvings that show scenes from Buddha's life and other Buddhist symbols.

DABBA CALLING



- Initial Call-Using a second phone the benchman makes another Call to his boss,who is typically located in a different country,the two phones kept side by side and their speakers are turned on.
- It creates cybercrime issues in related countries which is a security breach of the country.
- It is necessary to care about dabba calling as India uses cert-in to control it.

A black and white photograph of Narendra Modi, the Prime Minister of India, and a foreign official, likely the UK Prime Minister, standing together at an airport. They are both looking at a document held by Modi. In the background, an airplane is visible on the tarmac.

DELHI DECLARATION ON CIVIL AVIATION

- **The Delhi declaration on civil aviation was unanimously adopted at the 2nd Asia Pacific Ministerial Conference in New Delhi.**
- **India's Aviation Goals for 2047- is to have 350-400 airports by 2047.**
- **It develops holistically with countries all over countries.**

PM SHRI SCHEME

P M S H R I

**Creating holistic and well-rounded individuals
equipped with key 21st Century skills**

- This Scheme is related to the education system which is approved by the government of India.
- It is a centrally sponsored scheme which develops 14,500 schools which create an example of New education policy 2020.
- This scheme is related to all levels of the education system, it is a modern education system.

SAMAGRA SHIKSHA FUNDS



- -Tamil Nadu is yet to receive samagra shiksha fund which is the flagship education scheme.
- -It was Sarva shiksha Abhiyan,Rashtriya madhyamik shiksha abhiyan and teacher Education schemes which are related to 2018-2019(Union budget).
- -It was funded 60:40 by center and state government and northeastern and himalayan state bear only 10% of the cost.

EXPORT LINKED PROJECT

- -As we can see India emerges as a market which influences many MNCs Where export linked projects are in demand at the present time.
- -It is necessary to fulfill demand of our traditional industries which decline from time to time.
- - Decline in export-linked jobs: Direct employment linked to exports fell to 6.5% in 2020 (from 9.5% in 2012), leading to the dominance of the service sector and high-skill manufacturing in India's export basket.



SUBHADRA YOJANA

- The Subhadra Yojana is named after Subhadra, the sister of Lord Jagannath and Lord Balabhadra.
- This scheme provide 50,000 help of women by state government.
- The scheme is expected to make women self-reliant which will help for Sustainable society.



GOPALPUR HARBORAGE



- **Gopalpur Port is an important deep multi-cargo harborage on the east seacoast of India, located in the mineral-rich state of Odisha.**
- **It is strategically important and it will grow our economy.**
- **Capacity Gopalpur Port has an periodic weight running capacity of 20 million metric tonnes, making it a crucial player in the trade and commerce of the region.**

BHARAT STARTUP KNOWLEDGE ACCESS REGISTRY(BHASKAR)



- It's a digital platform launched with the end of strengthening the country's incipency ecosystem.
- The action is a platform designed to centralize, streamline and enhance collaboration between crucial stakeholders within the entrepreneurial ecosystem, including startups, investors, counsels, service providers and government bodies.
- India presently has over DPIIT- recognised startups.